The Anglo-Boer War (1899–1902) was a “little war” fought in a remote corner of the British Empire. This conflict in Southern Africa, however, represented a watershed in military medicine, and the way armies take care of their soldiers in war. This extensive work covers all military medical aspects of the conflict: from the influence of Red Cross societies and foreign aid from Belgium, Germany, Russia, Switzerland, the United States of America and the Netherlands to the clinical aspects of military medical care. *Healers, helpers and hospitals* contributes to our canon on this war which continues to intrigue readers and historians from all over the world.

**DATE OF PUBLICATION:** April 2009  
**ISBN:**  
978-1-86919-277-7 (Slipcase)  
978-1-86919-183-2 (Volume 1)  
978-1-86919-230-3 (Volume 2)  
**FORMAT:** 245 x 168mm  
**PHOTOS:** 64 pages of photographs of the Anglo-Boer War never published before.  
**BINDING:** Hardcover. Volumes to be presented in a slipcase.  
**NUMBER OF PAGES:**  
772 (Volume 1)  
348 (Volume 2)
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Emeritus Professor J.C. (Kay) de Villiers held the Helen and Morris Mauerberger Chair of Neurosurgery at the University of Cape Town. He studied at the Universities of Cape Town and Stellenbosch, and commenced his training as a neurosurgeon in London. As recipient of a Hartford Fellowship, he spent a year in the Neurosurgical Laboratories at the Pennsylvania Hospital. Specialist studies in Zürich, Paris and Utrecht followed. He was elected as a member to a number of European and American Neurosurgical Societies and was a visiting professor to several academic departments in South Africa and abroad. He served as president of the Society of Neurosurgeons of South Africa, was its representative at the World Federation of Neurosurgical Societies and on retirement was made an honorary life vice-president of the World Federation. He is an honorary life president of the Pan-African Society of Neurological Surgeons. In South Africa he served as a member of the Federal Council of the South African Medical Association, chairman of the Council of the University of the Western Cape, member of the Medical Research Council and chairman of the Desmond Tutu Educational Trust (1990–1994). His interest in historical matters was evinced by his founding of the Cape Medical Museum, and serving as chairman of the Management Committee since 1988. He was awarded a DSc *honoris causa* by University of the Western Cape in 1989 and MD *honoris causa* by the University of Stellenbosch in 1993.
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Hospitals are buildings seen throughout EarthBound Beginnings and EarthBound. Hospitals are known for curing any status ailment from "poisoning" to "unconsciousness". Curing these ailments require a moderate amount of dollars to cure. The hospital has three very important people working in it. Doctors -- They are in charge of curing Ness and his party members with status ailments that deal damage (ex. colds, sunstroke, poisoning etc.) The cost of curing a status ailment may vary. Doctors can diagnose Healers, Helpers and Hospitals (Volumes 1 and 2). The modern hospital evolved from both military garrisons and poorhouses. It wasn't until the mid-19th century that facilities with a wider purpose were founded in Detroit to combat diseases like cholera, tuberculosis, and mental illness. Religious institutions and benevolent societies established homes and treatment centers for the ill and abandoned, while public institutions were created for the very first time. This fascinating pictorial history of health care in the Detroit area features over 200 photographs and postcards of early hospitals, sanitariums, and orphanages, and the kindhea